	Historical Trust Inventory of His		s Form s	e urvey No. B-	-0 716
1. Name					
Historic and / common	1000-1038 N orth Cas	tle Street			
2. Locatio	on				
street & number	1000-1038 North Cas	tle Street			
state & zip code	Baltimore Maryland 21205		ounty		
3. Classif	ication				
Categorydistrict X building(s)structuresiteobject	Ownership public X private both Public Acquisition in process being considered not applicable	Status X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible X yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Useagriculturecommerciaeducationaentertainmegovernmerindustrialmilitary	al X penti	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Owner	of Property				
street & number				telephone	
city, town		st	ate & zip code		
5. Location	on of Legal Desc	ription			
	ry of deeds, etc. Baltimore Cit	y Land Records chell Courthouse			liber
street & number city, town Balt	timore		tate Maryland		folio
6. Repres	entation in Exis	ting Historical S	Surveys		
title					
date		federal	state	county	local
depository for sun	vey records		ata 8 zin aada		
city, town		St	ate & zip code		

Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Survey No. B-4716

7. Description

Condition		Check One	Check One
excellent good _x fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	unaltered X altered	X original site moved: date of move:

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists

This row of nineteen two-story, two-bay wide late Italianate-style brick houses with shed roofs and sheet metal cornices were built in 1898 by August Weber, a prolific builder of working class houses in East Baltimore, at the same time he built the similar row across the street. Only a few of the houses retain their original brick facades, which were originally painted a dark red, with the basement area painted white to imitate the marble basements of more expensive houses. The remainder of the houses have been formstoned. After the use of wood was outlawed for cornices in 1892, sheet metal became the predominant material used, but in the 1890s the sheet metal cornices most often copied the popular wooden late Italianate-style cornices of the 1880s. An original corner storefront remains at 1038 North Chapel St.

The houses are two stories in height, 11'10" wide (12'5" for the two end houses), and occupy lots 113' deep. Each house is three small rooms deep and there is no backbuilding. The houses are constructed in running bond and were originally painted. The basement area was originally painted white to imitate the marble found in more expensive houses. Each house has a single hooded chimney located near the front and rear of the house. The shed roof is capped by a sheet metal cornice consisting of a crown molding, decorated with a row of dentils, supported by three long brackets decorated with grooves that connect to a lower molding strip and end with a distinct trefoil pattern.

The door and window openings have segmentally arched brick lintels, with plain tympanums. A few original 2/2 sash remain and the sills are wood. The doorway transom was originally stained glass, framed by a quarter-round molding set above a scalloped band. No original doors remain and many of the openings have been boarded over. The houses sit on fairly low basements lit by a single-light sash. Each front door is reached by three concrete steps.

The storefront at 1038 North Castle St. has a wide, cantilevered shop window (now boarded over) that occupies the entire space adjoining the entryway. The storefront has a simple wooden cornice set beneath a sheet metal crown molding, with four decorative small scroll-sawn brackets mounted against a plain frieze area.

Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Survey No. B- 4716

8. Significance

Period	Area of significance	check one & justify		
prehistoric 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 X 1800-1899 1900	archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art commerce communications	X community planning	landscape architecture law literature military music philosophy politics/government	religion science science sciente X social/ humanitaria theatre transportatic other: specil
Specific dates	1898	Buil	der/Architect August Wel	oer

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

This group of houses is also significant in that it represents the level of architectural stylishness achieved by many builders of small street houses in the late nineteenth century. The houses were built by August Weber, a local builder, according to a pattern that was quite common to the city's working class neighborhoods of the period c. 1880 to 1910. Recognizing that workers held different levels of jobs (and pay), builders created a hierarchy of house sizes (and prices) in the new neighborhoods going up to serve the expanding factory districts ringing the harbor and northeast of the central city. Builders acquired anywhere from an eighth to a half of a city block and built 14' to 15'-wide two-story houses on the main streets, and smaller, 11' to 13'-wide two-story houses on the narrower streets bisecting the blocks. Typically, in this period, main street houses might sell for \$1,200 - \$1,500; small street houses for \$700 - \$900.

In this particular case Weber developed both sides of North Castle St. but another builder, Ephraim Macht was responsible for the main street houses. Weber sold some houses to Bohemian owner-occupants and others to two different Bohemian community building and loans-the Bohemian Permanent Building and Savings Association, "Slovanstro," and the Bohemian Workingman's building Association #2—who then both rented and sold houses. Many of the occupants followed the occupation of tailor, a major form of employment for recent immigrants, and received mortgages from the several Bohemian community building and loans.

Aryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Survey No. B-4716

9. Major Bibliographic References

Mary Ellen Hayward and Charles Belfoure, *The Baltimore Rowhouse* (New York: Princeton Architectural Press, 1999)

10. Geographic Data

Acreage of nominated property
Quadrangle name
Verbal boundary description and justification

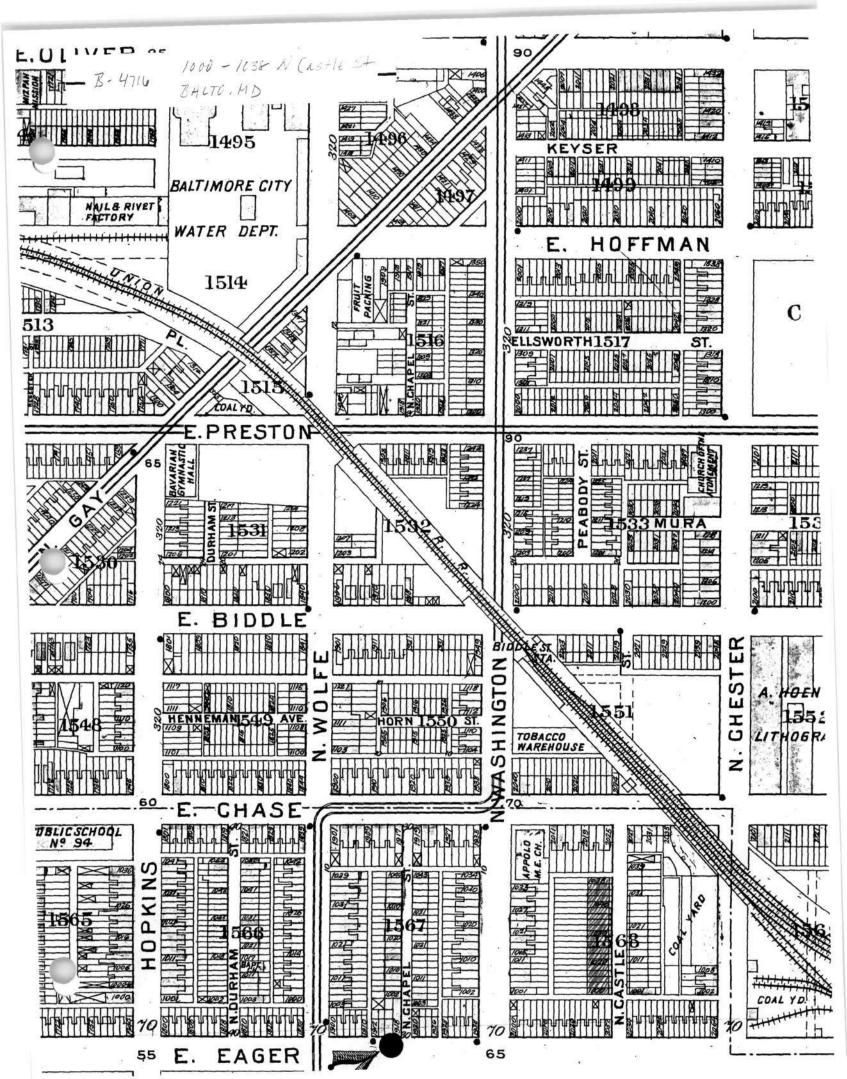
11. Form Prepared by

name / title Dr. Mary Ellen Haywar	
Organization The Alley House Proje	date June 2000
street & number 1306 Carrollton A	e. telephone
city, town Baltimore	state & zip code Maryland 21

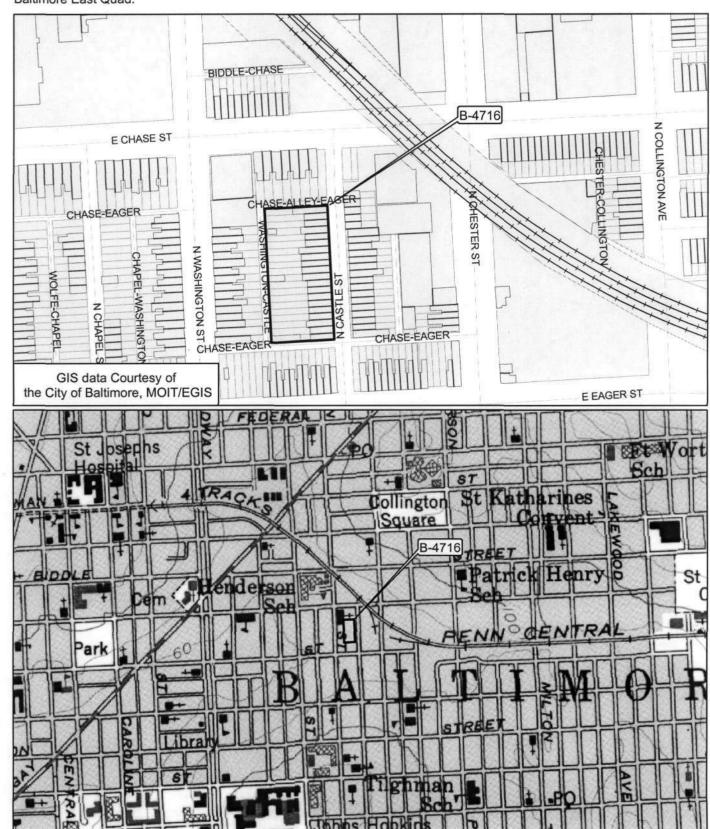
The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Maryland, Article 41, section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement rights.

Return to: DHCP/DHCD Maryland Historical Trust 100 Community Place Crownsville MD 21032-2023



B-4716 1000-1038 N. Castle Street Block 1568, Lots 068-087 Baltimore City Baltimore East Quad.





1000-1038 Castle

W-9

BALTI MD

h. M'ald

1/96

M) SHPO

1/3



1034 Cartle

B-4716 1034 N. Castle St. BALTO. MD W. Niebl 7/46 2/3

1083196 0211 41



1038 Cartle W-9

3/10 Mixed N Nixed 7/96 3/3

8-4716

1038 N. Castle St.